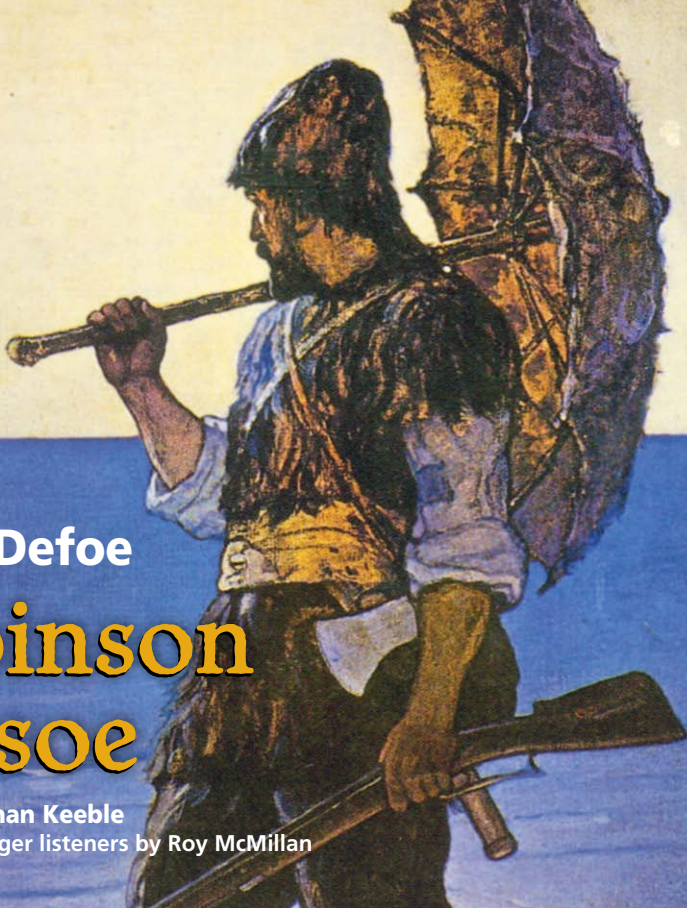




NAXOS
AudioBooks

JUNIOR
CLASSICS



Daniel Defoe

Robinson Crusoe

Read by **Jonathan Keeble**
Retold for younger listeners by **Roy McMillan**

1	I was born in the city of York in the north of England...	5:47
2	The Portuguese captain set me down in Brazil...	5:42
3	After we had managed to get four miles or so...	5:42
4	On waking, I found to my surprise that the waves...	6:34
5	Despite all this work preparing a place to live...	5:22
6	November the 7th – Now it began to be settled fair weather.	6:06
7	I was cast ashore on the 'Isle of Despair'...	6:14
8	I discovered that the seasons of the year...	6:52
9	While my barley was growing...	6:42
10	I had spied some land far distant from the other side...	5:27
11	On the 6th November in the sixth year of my 'reign'...	3:22
12	It happened one day about noon, going towards my boat...	5:22
13	Oh, what ridiculous resolutions men take when possessed...	4:12
14	The evidence of the savages' abhorrent feastings...	5:56

15	I was now in the twenty-third year of my residence...	5:41
16	As all these were but conjectures at best...	6:15
17	I decided to keep a regular look-out...	5:20
18	After my savage had slumbered, rather than slept...	4:07
19	When he had done this, I decided to make some clothes...	5:10
20	After Friday and I became more intimately acquainted...	5:20
21	I was now entered on the seven and twentieth year...	3:35
22	Meanwhile, I pulled out my knife and cut the ties...	5:03
23	Over the next month or so, I spoke to the Spaniard...	4:45
24	'We must be sent directly from heaven then,' said one...	5:09
25	It was several hours before the others came back to their boat...	5:10
26	When I took leave of the island, I carried on board...	4:17

Total Time: 2:19:27

Daniel Defoe

(c.1660–1731)

Robinson Crusoe

What would you do if you were stuck on a desert island? How would you cope? Would you like it? And what eight recordings would you take? The idea of being stranded on a desert island has puzzled and delighted people for centuries, and still does. There's the famous BBC radio programme, still running, that asks people which pieces of music they would take to an imaginary island; there are lots of cartoons that find ways to make new jokes about being stranded on a small piece of earth in the middle of the ocean. It continues to influence those who make films or dramas (*Lost*, for example). There's something very simple yet endlessly fascinating about it; it's an idea people keep coming back to. And one of the biggest reasons for this is *Robinson Crusoe*.

Although being stranded with no

hope of rescue was a real possibility for sailors until very recently, and although the whole idea of being that isolated is something people wondered about long before the book, *Robinson Crusoe* tells the story so completely and so well that it has become a part of everyone's imagination. What's more, it was based on a true story – well, several true stories.

These include one of a sailor called Alexander Selkirk who asked to be put ashore on a remote island some 400 miles off the coast of Chile. Yes, he actually asked! In fairness, it was because he thought the ship would sink, something he was proved right about. He also thought he'd soon be picked up by other ships that would be sailing by, but he was wrong about that. He had to wait four years in the end, and, remarkably, one of the men who rescued him had been

on board the ship he had abandoned! In that time, he had managed to make his own clothes, build a couple of huts, make knives, tame wild cats and hunt for food. When he was finally rescued, everyone was most impressed by how calm and fit he was. His solitude had not driven him mad and the way he managed to keep himself warm and fed with no outside help was extraordinary. Defoe would have been familiar with this story, along with the many other tales of castaways and shipwrecked loners at the time, such as that of Robert Knox. Special mention should also be made of Henry Pitman, whom Defoe might actually have known personally.

Defoe knew quite a lot about facing serious difficulties and finding ways out of them. He was not good with money and went to prison for being in debt. He held opinions with which not everyone agreed and he went to prison for that, too. He even worked as a spy for a while and it is still not quite clear whose side he was on. He was the son of James Foe, a London butcher, and he experienced some terrible things in his childhood – the Great

Plague and the Great Fire of London, for example. Although he had planned to become a church minister, he eventually went into business and travelled a lot in Europe before settling back in England to deal in goods ranging from underwear to bricks. But although he was interested in making money he was very active in politics and social issues as well. In 1685 he took part in an unsuccessful rebellion to get rid of the then king, James II. He managed to get a pardon when it was over, which was just as well: those who didn't were executed or transported. But it didn't make him change his mind: when a new revolution started three years later, he joined the revolutionaries again. That time they won.

By the mid-1690s he had added the rather fancy 'De' to his surname and had started writing. His early work pleased the king but a spoof poem in 1704 was taken seriously, and he was put in prison. He kept on writing, though, and on his release he established a newspaper called *The Review* which offered readers views on major political matters, made fun of other newspapers, had opinionated columnists

and – despite his own serious business failures – offered consumer advice. He was also by this time a government spy, but he seems to have worked for various different people depending on who was in power or paying the most at the time, rather than because he had any particular loyalty. Perhaps his suspicion of governments, after they had misunderstood his earlier poem, made him think that it would be better to make as much money from them as he could. It is therefore rather ironic that he was imprisoned *again* in 1713 for writing something that upset the ruling party. He was almost sent to jail one further time, but was spared because someone for whom he had done some spying helped him out. In the end, he left the secret service and decided to spend all his time writing, avoiding things that might get him imprisoned.

He wrote a lot. He had always been energetic and had produced pamphlets and articles at a tremendous rate, but his later years saw an astonishing outpouring of work. Apart from *Robinson Crusoe* itself, there were two sequels as well as *Captain Singleton*, *Moll Flanders*, *A*

Journal of the Plague Year, *Roxana*, *A Tour through the Whole Island of Great Britain*, a ghost story, trade journals, essays and much, much more. Some people credit him with the creation of modern journalism; others say he is the creator of the modern novel. Whether or not he ‘invented’ either, he did use one to influence the other. Most novels before that used mythology or fables or ancient stories as their basis, but *Robinson Crusoe* was about something the readers could actually identify with. Defoe also gives the impression that it is a true story or a history, rather than an invention. It is told as if the author were the person in the story, which makes the story itself much more vivid and believable. This seems rather obvious to us now, but at the time, *Robinson Crusoe* was quite radical. Defoe created a kind of contemporary fable. It had the immediacy of a real-life adventure with the added appeal of finding the best way to answer that timeless question: what would you do if you were stuck on a desert island?

Notes by Roy McMillan



Jonathan Keeble combines his audio work with a busy theatre and TV career. He has featured in over 500 radio plays for the BBC, from Shakespeare to Sherlock Holmes. He also played the evil Owen in *The Archers*. Much in demand for his voicework, this ranges from the audio guide for the Sistine Chapel to voicing the Angel of Death in the film *Hellboy 2*. An award-winning reader, Jonathan has recorded over 100 audiobooks.

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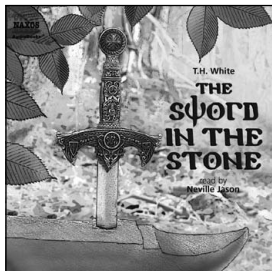
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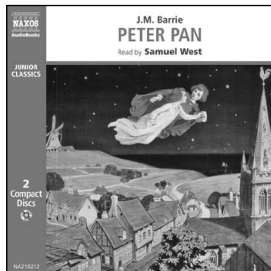
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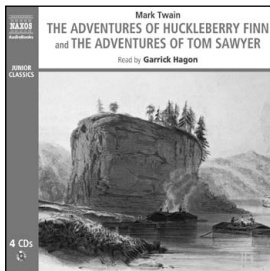
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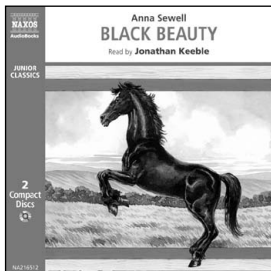
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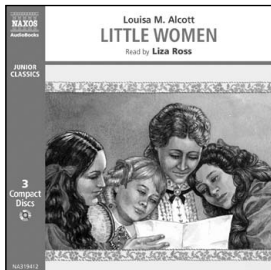


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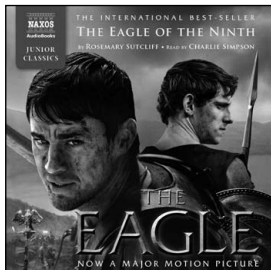
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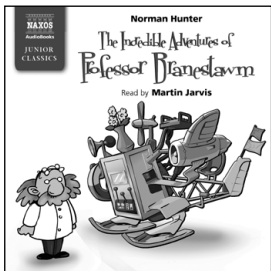
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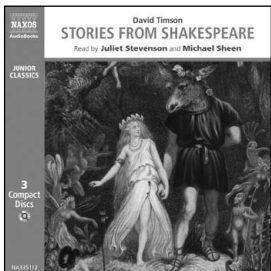
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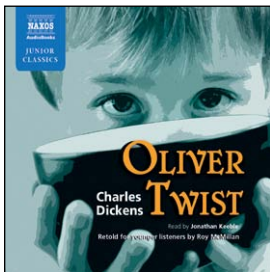
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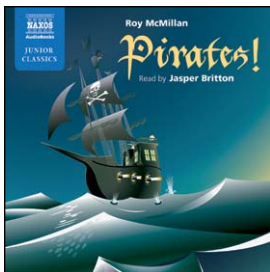
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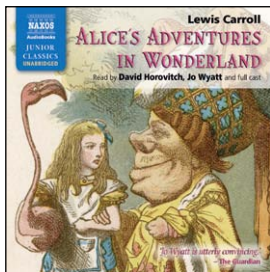
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and full cast

Daniel Defoe

Robinson Crusoe

Read by **Jonathan Keeble**
Retold for younger listeners by Roy McMillan

When his ship is wrecked in a storm, Robinson Crusoe finds himself stranded on a desert island with no-one to help him and no chance of rescue. Scared and alone, he tries to make a life for himself: building shelters, hunting food, taming animals, crafting boats and making clothes. But just as his life appears to be settled, he sees someone else's footprint on the beach and a different struggle for survival begins, this time against cannibals and pirates.

Roy McMillan combines an abridged version of Defoe's novel with his own helpful explanations to retell the story for younger listeners.



Jonathan Keeble combines his audio work with a busy theatre and TV career. He has featured in over 500 radio plays for the BBC, from Shakespeare to Sherlock Holmes. An award-winning reader, Jonathan has recorded over 100 audiobooks.

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